

#### Built to last<sup>™</sup>

Inspiring designs, Enduring performance

LEN OF SUR



Kronoart<sup>®</sup> high-quality architectural facade cladding is the ideal mix of next generation technical performance twinned with new levels of aesthetic freedom. It's a HPL board that's built to last, easy to work, immensely weatherproof, fire and UV resistant... Equally, Kronoart<sup>®</sup> offers inspiring creative scope. Whatever the character, size or function of the building, Kronoart<sup>®</sup> makes realising your idea a liberating and affordable process.

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# Realize your inspiration





All too often, architectural ideas are compromised by cost or material limitations. Kronoart<sup>®</sup> means your inspiration is made real in full. If it's a bright and bold color-rich concept, if it's a natural contrast to industrial materials, if it's rugged and elemental, our three decor ranges offer the solutions you need to match your vision. Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is essentially highly flexible. The range of styling possibilities and high definition surfaces mean almost limitless design freedom to apply your inspiration your way. The combination of functional performance and aesthetic scope makes Kronoart<sup>®</sup> as suitable for prestige domestic projects as it is for large scale industrial sites, commercial developments or public buildings.



### Performance art

In parallel with giving you vast creative latitude, Kronoart® provides many practical performance advantages. The very high pressure, high temperature laminating process produces an easily handled material of great stability and strength - one that's exceptionally weather resistant and certified to EN438-6 type EDF. Kronoart® is suitable for suspended ventilated facades, facings, sunshields, external partitions, fences, railings and more.

### X



#### HIGH DURABILITY

As a high pressure laminate (HPL) board, Kronoart® performs in the most demanding situations. The face layer will maintain its appearance unaltered over many years.

#### IMPACT RESISTANT

Both during installation and throughout its working life, Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s strong laminate body and durable facing combine to produce a material that handles impact well.



#### UV STABILITY

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is treated to maintain UV resistance over its long working life – you can be certain the appearance of your project remains constant for years to come.



The face layer of Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is designed to resist marking during handling and cleaning, and by wind-blown particles such as grit and sand.



#### WEATHER RESISTANT

Extremes of weather and temperature have no adverse effect on Kronoart®, making it ideal for exposed locations, in vertical or horizontal planes.



#### WATER RESISTANT

High pressure, high temperature laminating and high-quality materials ensure Kronoart<sup>®</sup> remains impervious to water penetration.



#### EASY TO MAINTAIN

Low maintenance is part of Kronoart®'s specification; it has been designed to maximise the length of maintenance cycles.



#### EASY TO CLEAN

Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s high definition facing is designed to shed dirt, and is easily cleaned when necessary.





## Product Application

#### Whatever your project, we've got it covered

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> provides almost unlimited design options, an eye opening opportunity to create something special even on a limited budget. So a standout statement in a public space becomes a real possibility, or an inspirational work of urban regeneration using high definition effects or bold colors. The home or the workplace need never be dull again with the attainable use of surface decoration that's as practical as it is pleasing.



FA	CAI	DE		
CL	.AD	DI	NGS	



BALCONIES



SUN BLINDS

K615 BS Urban Steel



### **Public spaces**

Integration describes Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s application in the public buildings sector. Whatever the situation and the specification, the variety of decors in the three Kronoart<sup>®</sup> collections will help your ideas work beautifully in the public domain. Building within civic and public scenarios can generate its own particular demands, challenges and opportunities. Again, it's Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s inherent flexibility and design scope that makes it such an enabling option in this area. Style-wise you have a broad range of cladding directions to choose from, with high definition 3D decors that will mix happily with many different environments and architectural characters. Aesthetic considerations are equally matched by Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s practical performance characteristics and accreditations. With Kronoart<sup>®</sup> you have a 360° solution for public design at your fingertips.



Public buildings Government offices Hospitals Schools Education Health Museums Art galleries Libraries

0190 BS Black K611 BS Travino



### Work & Leisure

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is the antidote for uniformity in office buildings. The vast array of decors and Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s amazing versatility mean however a building needs to distinguish itself, you have the means to make the difference. Kronoart<sup>®</sup> high definition architectural cladding is a perfect solution for multifunction office buildings, on every scale. Whatever the building and its locale require visually, the three Kronoart<sup>®</sup> collections give you a wide range of aesthetic directions to choose from, from adding bright bold color to naturalistic wood character, or the substantial look of stone or steel. Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s inherent flexibility makes it suitable for suspended ventilated facades, facade elements such as balconies and terraces, sun protection features, external partitions, fences and railings.



Retail properties Commercial offices Warehouses Inner city regeneration Industrial buildings Sporting arenas Entertainment Leisure Theatres



### Living

All Kronoart<sup>®</sup> products are manufactured to the standard of high-quality architectural cladding. They're the ideal facing solution for domestic projects of all kinds, balancing the finest level of finish with exceptional stability, easy installation and simple maintenance practices.

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels are ideally suited to the domestic scale. The high definition finish adds detail and interest with an unmistakable air of quality. Particularly in terms of contemporary buildings, clean simple lines combined with many tonal options help create a bespoke, premium look at a very ordinary cost. Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is also helpful in achieving insulation performance specifications, and its longevity and easy maintenance characteristics mean it's also an attractive practical option for owners.



Private housing Apartments Cooperative housing Housing associations Communal housing Collective housing



#### Regeneration

Bringing existing buildings back from decline is a natural role for Kronoart<sup>®</sup> architectural cladding – its aesthetic scope and accredited performance mean that Kronoart<sup>®</sup> has the ability to revitalise and upgrade cost-effectively.

With so much existing property showing its age and out-of-date specifications, regeneration is a pressing need in many locations worldwide. It's an area of the market that Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is highly suited to, given its advanced technical performance, ease of installation and extensive aesthetic scope. Whatever the crucial considerations – building performance, styling, budget constraints – Kronoart<sup>®</sup> cladding can be relied on to deliver to the most exacting contemporary specifications.



Urban renewal Hospitals Schools Retail properties Commercial Warehouses Industrial Sport Education Health Entertainment Leisure

K582 BS Light Lothian Ash K097 BS Dusk Blue



## Decor Collections

#### A stunning new palette for you to play with

Pure clean colorways, dramatic stone and steel finishes or beautiful authentic looking woodgrains, these are the ingredients that Kronoart<sup>®</sup> provides for the ambitious designer. But why not mix them up, set tone against texture, contrast colors and materials with a flexibility of choice and simplicity of construction that provides an enhanced freedom of expression.



### Color

Stand out or merge in, inspire a mood, set a scene; with this carefully selected palette of unicolors there are virtually endless creative opportunities.

The 49 uni colors in Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s Color Collection enable you to create precise moods according to your design direction. Subtle, bold, naturalistic, contrasting or co-ordinating – you have the extensive palette you require to make your intended statement.

And having specified the look you have chosen for your project, Kronoart<sup>®</sup> can be relied on to perform and maintain its appearance for years to come, in the most demanding environments. All Kronoart<sup>®</sup> decors are exceptionally UV resistant; colors remain unaffected by even the strongest sunlight exposure. The same is true of Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s weather resistance; with minimal maintenance your aesthetic will last for many years.



#### **NEW!**



K683 BS Cajun





K685 BS Steel Blue



K687 BS Dark Forest

8681 BS Brilliant White K516BS Toffee 9551 BS Oxide Red K515BS Spice Red K514BS Deep Sahara





6299 BS Cobalt Grey 0171 BS Slate Grey 0197 BS Chinchilla Grey K519 BS Mouse Grey 0112 BS Stone Grey 0191 BS Cool Grey 0101 BS Front White 8681 BS Brilliant White	0190 BS Black 0166 BS Bassalt 0164 BS Anthracite 0162 BS Graphite Grey
Color	

7181 BS Dark Chocolate	7166 BS Latté	0301 BS Cappuccino	8533 BS Macchiato	K096 BS Clay Grey	5981 BS Cashmere	7045 BS Satin	5982 BS Mussel	0522 BS Beige	0515 BS Sand	0514 BS Ivory	7031 BS Crème
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<b>Krono</b> art <sup>®</sup> > Decor Collections > Color	Kronoart®	>	Decor	Collections	>	Color
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0134 BS Sunshine	K516 BS Toffee	K512 BS Native Pink	K514 BS Deep Sahara	0132 BS Orange	7113 BS Chilli Red	K098 BS Ceramic Red	9551 BS Oxide Red	K515 BS Spice Red	8984 BS Navy Blue	0125 BS Royal Blue

5994 BS Alby Blue	K517 BS Azure Blue	K518 BS Surf Blue	7063 BS Pastell Green	K097 BS Dusk Blue	0244 BS Petrol	K520 BS Dark Emerald	K521 BS Smoke Green	9561 BS Oxide Green	7190 BS Mamba Green	
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#### Elements

An inspirational collection of character material effects lets you work with the look of concrete, stone, cast iron and steel in a way unrestricted by handling difficulties.

Elements is Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s take on rugged, time-honoured construction materials. The collection is inspired by the characters of cast iron, concrete, stone and steel, and effectively evokes their sense of dependable permanence. Stone, cast iron and steel command respect. Original features using these materials in renovated buildings are often highlighted, their presence is celebrated. It's this love for substance and character that informs Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s Elements collection.

Elements reinvents traditional materials' appeal in an easily handled and installed next-generation format. The 14-strong choice of decors has that sought-after air of solidity that will last; the raw sense of texture and elemental tones can give new builds in modern materials a truly substantial character. But unlike their original counterparts, these color-fast finishes are very simple to maintain and clean, and exceptionally easy to work with.



0190 BS Black K611 BS Travino K350 BS Concrete Flow





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### **Fundamentals**

The variety in color and pattern of woodgrains is what makes it such an enduring material to work with. Utilise the realistic appearance of wood in easy to manage panels.

The choice of colors and characters is wide, so many different moods can be created, with all the cost and consistency advantages of advanced high definition architectural cladding. The contrasts that can be achieved by pairing the uniformity and mechanistic lines of modern materials with the naturalness of wood is a powerful aesthetic. The 13 wood decors in the Fundamentals collection make such effects easy to achieve. Fundamentals range from dramatic dark decors to light white pine and warm mid tone oaks. They allow you to highlight features, bring in contrasts, soften the impact of concrete, add definition and rich grained character. Essentially you can enjoy all the aesthetic benefits of wood, with all the lower cost, simple installation and easy maintenance advantages of a technically advanced 21st century product.



K582 BS Light Lothian Ash K097 BS Dusk Blue



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#### **Decor overview**

Number	Texture	Decor name	Collection	NCS	RAL	PMS
0101	BS	Front White	Color	S 0603-G40R	9010	-
0112	BS	Stone Grey	Color	S 2002-G	7038	420 M
0125	BS	Royal Blue	Color	S 3065-R90B	-	-
132	BS	Orange	Color	S 1070-Y40R	2000	151 M
134	BS	Sunshine	Color	S 1060-Y	-	116 M
162	BS	Graphite Grey	Color	S 7000-N	-	Cool Grey 11 M
164	BS	Anthracite	Color	S 7502-B	-	-
166	BS	Bassalt	Color	S 7500-N	7022	447 C
171	BS	Slate Grey	Color	S 5000-N	-	424 M
190	BS	Black	Color	S 8502-R	-	419 M
191	BS	Cool Grey	Color	S 1502	-	427 M
197	BS	Chinchilla Grey	Color	S 4000-N	-	-
244	BS	Petrol	Color	S 5020-B10G	-	-
301	BS	Cappuccino	Color	S 4010-Y10R	-	-
514	BS	lvory	Color	S 1005-G90Y	-	-
515	BS	Sand	Color	S 1010-Y30R	-	-
522	BS	Beige	Color	S 0907-G90Y	-	-
981	BS	Cashmere	Color	S 2002-Y50R	-	-
982	BS	Mussel	Color	S 1505-G80Y	-	-
994	BS	Alby Blue	Color	S 6010-R90B	-	5405 U
299	BS	Cobalt Grey	Color	S 6502-Y	-	403 M
031	BS	Crème	Color	S 0804-G90Y	-	-
045	BS	Satin	Color	S 1505-Y80R	-	
063	BS	Pastel Green	Color	S 1005-B80G	-	441 M
113	BS	Chilli Red	Color	S 1080-Y90R	-	179 M
166	BS	Latté	Color	S 6005-Y20R		-
181	BS	Dark Chocolate	Color	S 7502-R	-	412 U
190	BS	Mamba Green	Color	S 1070-G30R	6018	368 M
533	BS	Macchiato	Color	S 3010-Y70R		4745 M
681	BS	Brilliant White	Color	S 0804R90B		-
984	BS	Navy Blue	Color	S 7020-R80B	5026	2965 M
551	BS	Oxide Red	Color	S 4550-Y90R	3011	202 M
561	BS	Oxide Reen		S 3060-G10Y	6001	348 M
			Color			
096 097	BS	Clay Grey Dusk Blue	Color	S 3502-Y S 3010-B30G		407 M
098	 BS			S 4040-Y80R	-	-
		Ceramic Red	Color		-	-
512	BS	Native Pink	Color	S 2020-Y80R	-	-
514	BS	Deep Sahara	Color	S 4030-Y60R	-	
(515	BS	Spice Red	Color	S 6030-R20B	-	7644 C
(516	BS	Toffee	Color	•		7509 C
(517	BS	Azure Blue	Color	S 1555-R80B	260 60 35	659 C
(518	BS	Surf Blue	Color	S 1020-R90B	240 80 15	543 C
(519	BS	Mouse Grey	Color	S 4000-N	7040	Cool Gray 7C
<520	BS	Dark Emerald	Color	S 7010-B70G	6004	5477 C
(521	BS	Smoke Green	Color	S 6005-G20Y	130 40 10	4182 C
(683	BS	Cajun	Color	-	040 50 20	7614 C
K684	BS	Black Truffle	Color	S 7502-R	000 30 05	411 C
K685	BS	Steel Blue	Color	S 7500-N	000 35 00	4140 C
K687	BS	Dark Forest	Color	180 20 05	-	5535 C

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Number	Texture	Decor name	Collection
K349	BS	Silk Flow	Elements
K350	BS	Concrete Flow	Elements
K353	BS	Charcoal Flow	Elements
K523	BS	Platinum Disk	Elements
K607	BS	Stargaze	Elements
K608	BS	Balvesto	Elements
K609	BS	Skyline Dusk	Elements
K610	BS	Skyline Mist	Elements
K611	BS	Travino	Elements
K612	BS	Highway Grey	Elements
K613	BS	Chronos Nebula	Elements
K614	BS	Steampunk Rust	Elements
K615	BS	Urban Steel	Elements
K616	BS	Dockland Rust	Elements
D030	WO	Sherwood Oak	Fundamentals
K582	WO	Light Lothian Ash	Fundamentals
K583	WO	Dark Lothian Ash	Fundamentals
K584	BS	Gold Armadas Oak	Fundamentals
K585	BS	Honey Armadas Oak	Fundamentals
K586	WO	Sand Hinterland Oak	Fundamentals
K587	BS	Gold Fernando Oak	Fundamentals
K588	WO	Coastal Oak Breeze	Fundamentals
K589	WO	Coastal Oak Riviera	Fundamentals
K603	WO	Vintage Cabana Pine	Fundamentals
K604	BS	Havana Sunset	Fundamentals
K605	BS	Melody Rosewood	Fundamentals
K606	BS	Minstrel Oak	Fundamentals

#### **Board size**





#### Thickness

	6 mm
	8 mm
	10 mm

Both sides are UV protected.

Format tolerance according to EN 438-6.

#### Textures

Kronoart® panels are available in two durable textures.





# Product with Durability







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Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is a high-quality, long-lasting solution for architectural facade claddings. Laminated under high pressure and at high temperature, its EN 438-6 Type EDF performance characteristics mean that Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is suited to even extreme weather conditions and the most demanding applications.

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> offers you the ideal combination of design freedom and exceptional durability. Across the world, architects and specifiers know that Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is the proven, versatile option for suspended ventilated facades, facings, sunshields, external partitions, fences and railings.

#### Application



For further product information and technical specification, please visit: www.kronospan.com

## Product Properties



Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s unrivalled performance is due to its closed surface properties, topped by a layer of very durable varnish. This structure translates into high resistance to staining, impact damage and the effects of adverse environmental conditions - so Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is consequently extremely easy to clean and maintain. It's a winning combination; superior aesthetics paired with long-lasting, low maintenance characteristics. And naturally, Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels are covered by a 10 year comprehensive guarantee, and provide fire retardancy in line with EN 13501-1 standards.



#### **Technical Data**

Parameter	Unit	Standard	Requirements value	Kronoart®
Thickness	mm	EN 438-2.5	$6.0 \le t < 8.0 \pm 0.40$ $8.0 \le t < 12.0 \pm 0.50$ $12.0 \le t < 13.0 \pm 0.60$	
Legth	mm	EN 438-2.6	+ 10 / -0	+ 10 / -0
Width	mm	EN 438-2.6	+ 10 / -0	+ 10 / -0
Flatness	mm/m	EN 438-2.9	$6.0 \le t < 10.0 \le 5.0 \\ t \ge 10.0 \le 3.0$	$6.0 \le t < 10.0 \le 5.0$ $t \ge 10.0 \le 3.0$
Straightness of edges	mm/m	EN 438-2.7	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5
Squareness	mm/m	EN 438-2.8	≤ 1.5	≤ 1.5
Resistance to aging	Grey scale rating	EN 400.0.00	≥ 3 (3000 h)	≥ 3 (3000 h)
in artificial conditions, including UV	Appearance, grade	EN 438-2.29	≥ 4 (3000 h)	≥ 4 (3000 h)
Resistance to impact with large diameter ball	Drop height (mm)	EN 438-2.21	≥ 1800	≥ 1800
	Mass gain (%)		≤ 8	≤ 8
Resistance to wet conditions	Appearance, surface	EN 438-2.15	≥ 4	≥ 4
Contailionio	Appearance, edge		≥3	≥3
Dimension stability at elevated temperature	Cumulative dimensional change (%)	EN 438-2.17	≤ 0.30 (along) ≤ 0.60 (across)	≤ 0.30 (along) ≤ 0.60 (across)
Flexural modulus	mPa	EN ISO 178	≥ 9000	≥ 9000
Flexural strength	mPa	EN ISO 178	≥ 80	≥ 80
Tensile strength	mPa	EN ISO 527-2	≥ 60	≥ 60
Density	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	EN ISO 1183-1	≥ 1.35	≥ 1.35
Fire class	Classification	EN 13501-1	B-s1, d0	B-s1, d0

Tab. Technical parameters of facade panels

## Product Features

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#### Weather resistance

Sun, wind, rain, snow, humidity – Kronoart<sup>®</sup> remains unaffected by the elements both on its surface and within the panels. It's resistance to the effects UV exposure is particularly high. Extremes and rapid changes in temperature don't adversely affect Kronoart<sup>®</sup>.

#### **Moisture resistance**

Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s fixing method helps dissipate moisture from the supporting structure, so with minimised condensation there's no opportunity for mold or fungi to gain a hold.

#### **Fire resistance**

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels comply with EN 13501, DIN 4102 and NRO. Under the influence of flame it does not melt or drip, there's no potential for explosion or flaking, and the panels maintain stability through prolonged exposure to fire. When eventually fire takes hold, smoke emission is low and presents no dangerous toxins.

#### Fire resistance rating

Standard	Fire resistance class
EN 13501	up to the class B-s1,d0
DIN	up to the class B1

Tab. Fire resistance rating for Kronoart  $^{\circ}$  panels

#### Sound insulation

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels can contribute to noise reduction. The extent of this is dependent on the thickness of the panels, their size and the number of holes made for fixing.

#### Vandal resistant

The ability of the panels to absorb impact without damage makes Kronoart<sup>®</sup> an ideal option in locations where there's a risk of vandalism.

#### Graffiti resistance

By use of an appropriate solvent, graffiti can be removed easily from the panels without compromising the highly durable finish.

## Maintenance

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#### Cleaning

It's very easy to maintain Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels – most dirt can be removed simply by wiping with a dampened cloth or sponge. More stubborn staining can be handled with a suitable household detergent. The UV resistant panels may be cleaned with alcohol based cleaners, but it's always good practice to test-clean an unobtrusive area before undertaking complete cleaning. Products containing abrasives are not recommended for use with Kronoart<sup>®</sup>. Pressure washing presents no problems, the jet should be directed from the bottom to top of each panel then laterally at a distance of 20-30 cm, finishing with a rinse of clean water. Jet wash pressure should not exceed 100 bar and water temperature should be no higher than 90-100°C.

#### **Transport and handling**

Once installed, Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels offer exceptional durability, but in storage and handling surfaces and edges can be damaged if handled without care. The panels are supplied with foil protection covering, but it's recommended that when stacking dust and larger particles should be removed from between the boards. Panels should be stacked with thicker ones at the bottom, lighter panels towards the top, and care should be taken not to over-load the stack. The boards should be secured against slipping against each other in transit and handling, and the protective foil should not be exposed to continual direct sun or heat.



Incorrect storage leads to permanent deformation of the boards. Kronoart panels should be stored indoors under regular conditions (15°C to 25°C, relative humidity 40-60%).

#### Storage



The Kronoart® panels must be stacked horizontally on flat, stable supporting panels. In order to keep the surface untouched, the covering plates must be left on the top of stack. Incorrect storage can lead to permanent deformation of the boards.





When loading and unloading, the panels must be lifted. Do not push or pull them over the edge.



Do not stack the panels with faulty protection foil. Do Keep th not remove the foil before mounting or cutting if the panels will be stored.

Keep the pallet securely covered to ensure no dust or dirt can get on or between the panels.

## Processing

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#### Safety precautions

The usual best-practice rules apply when operating machinery – appropriate personal protection and hi-vis clothing must be used and tools must be in good condition. The edges of unbevelled boards are sharp, so suitable anti-slip gloves should be worn. Cutting will create dust; protective eyewear and a dust mask are required. Ear defenders must be worn when operating machinery.

#### **Preferred tools**

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels are highly durable. Good quality tools are required to ensure clean cutting and drilling – diamond tipped drills and sharp, hardened metal blades are recommended. When machining boards they must be laid on clean, flat well-supported surfaces. Chips and particles should be removed to avoid marking the panels.

#### Tooth forms

HZ/FA (Beveled concave tooth) Similar to WZ/FA and HZ/DZ but providing a higher machine longevity.



TR/TR (Trapezoid tooth/ Trapezoid tooth). Best for cutting hard, abrasive laminates.

HZ/DZ (Pendulum tooth/ Concave tooth). Useful when cutting on machines where scoring unit is not available.

WZ/FA (Variable beveled tooth)

This type can be used interchangeably with the Pendulum/Concave tooth.











#### Machining of panels

To achieve optimal results when cutting an optimal feed rate (Vf) and cutting speed (Vc) ratio has to be maintained. Keeping the proper ratio is both beneficial for the final result of the cutting process as well as machine lifespan. To further increase cutting effectiveness we advise using diamond tipped tools. Moreover, cutting a single board will cause it to vibrate therefore precautions have to be taken in order to maintain a stable, fixed position.

#### Cutting speed formula

 $\label{eq:Vc} \begin{array}{l} Vc = D \bullet \pi \bullet n/60 \\ Vc \text{ - cutting speed} \\ D \text{ - tool diameter [m]} \\ n \text{ - tool rotational speed [min.-1]} \end{array}$ 

#### Feed speed

Vf = fz • n • z/1000Vf - feed rate [m/min.] fz - tooth feed n - tool rotational speed [min.-1] z - number of teeth



Fig. Circular, positive rake angle sawblades with a saw shaft under the workpiece



Fig. Circular, negative rake angle sawblades with a saw shaft under the workpiece.

#### Cutting with handheld tools

If a single cut is required you can use hard metal handheld saws. Blades should be sharp and have low set teeth. To make cutting easier and more precise use guiding rails.

Depending on the type of cut you want to achieve use a blade with an appropriate type of teeth. To find out which type is suitable for you follow the saw tooth guide we provided for you in this section.

#### Cutting with table saws

Splitting the board with a table saw might result in a jagged edge therefore we advise using a machine with a scoring unit and a device for applying pressure. This way the scoring blade will clear the outer layer of the board's surface ensuring a clear cut of the main saw blade. Because the scoring blade is thicker it prevents the main blade from directly touching the edges of the cut. Additionally, using a pressure device along with a scoring unit ensures a clean cut by securing the board in place. In order to perform maintenance of a circular saw with a conical scoring unit both widths need to be properly aligned.



#### Drilling

For drilling either blind or through-holes it's best to use high durability twisted metal drills. Optimal drilling parameters oscillate between 2000 - 4000 RPM with a 1 - 3 m/min. feed rate. While drilling make sure the board is secured and properly aligned. Because a high speed drill might damage the board's surface coating you should reduce RPM's by 50% when pulling out the drill.

#### Parallel mounting holes

Maintain a minimum hole depth of 25 mm for parallel connections. Distance between the edge of the hole and the edge of the board should be at least 3 mm thick (b -  $2 \bullet a$ ).



#### Perpendicular blind holes

h - hole depth (board thickness - 1-1.5 mm) d - hole diameter (optimal size = 1 screw diameter - ~1 screw channel depth) Correct screw placement depth = drilling depth - 1 mm.



#### Manual drilling

Make sure the rotation speed is at the maximum to avoid chipping and heating. Advance the drill smoothly. It is recommended to work on a backing panel that can be drilled (e.g. dense Particleboard or MDF).



#### Finishing the edges

For technological reasons, it is recomended to trim the factory edge by a minimum of 5mm before assembly.

- The edge of the compact can be used by calibration, chamfering or beveling.
- It is essential to grind down sharp edges to avoid cuts when installing and after installation is complete.



Avoid sharp edges

## Facade Installation

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#### **General information**

Aesthetics aside, the technical purpose of ventilated facades is to protect the structure from weather and environmental conditions while providing effective thermal insulation.

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is proven to meet these challenges over a long working life, without demanding maintenance schedules. Forming elevations from Kronoart<sup>®</sup>, you have the ability to insulate to the defined specification by selecting boards from a range of thicknesses, and create buildings with the desired levels of energy efficiency and CO<sub>2</sub> emissions. Winter heat retention can be maximized with Kronoart<sup>®</sup>, as can temperature control in summer or in high ambient heat locations.

Ventilated facades utilizing Kronoart<sup>®</sup> optimize the combined performance of structure and facade, protecting against moisture accumulation, while delivering thermal and acoustic insulation.

#### Additional points

The performance and installation parameters of the project should always be discussed with Kronoart<sup>®</sup> as part of the specification process, and the fixing system providers should also be involved at this stage. The relevant static calculations for the elevations must be completed. All subsequent installation operations should be performed by appropriately trained personnel.

#### Panel joining

The joining solution favored in most projects incorporates expansion gaps of 8 mm minimum. All fixings must be moisture and corrosion resistant, and gaps should be windproofed from the inside of the cavity. If the panels utilized are of 8 mm thickness or more, they can be connected by tongue and groove joints, with the horizontal joints overlapped for a closed arrangement, as shown below.





Fig. Open arrangement of gaps.

Fig. Closed arrangement of gaps.

Type of tongue	HPL	Aluminium
Dimension of tongue [mm]	3.0 x 30	2.0 x 30
Dimension of groove [mm]	3.3 x 15	2.3 x 15
Dimension of overlap [mm]		21

Tab. Close arrangement of gaps - recommended minimal parameters for tongue and groove

#### **Rules of installation for elevation panels**

Installation of the panels should be carried out only by qualified persons. The panels can be fixed to the bearing structure using rivets, bolts/elevation screws, adhesive systems or staples fixed to rear side (invisible mechanical fixing). All joints of panels with other elements and the substrate should be made in firm manner.



The Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels can be fixed to metal substructure (aluminium, galvanized steel) or wooden substructure.





Installation of the panel should be always commenced from its center.



Fixing elements should be spaced so as to enable the panel moving (by appropriate arrangement of fixed and non-fixed holes).

The line expansion crosswise and lengthwise should be taken into account when selecting the gap between subsequent formats assuming that the dimension of material can increase by about 2.5 mm per one current meter of the lining.





The spacers should be mounted only when necessary.





Recommended ventilation distance between thermo

It's important to factor-in expected wind pressure exposure when selecting fixings, along with adhering to local building regulations. Calculations should be based on installation data for high pressure laminates.

> đ -1 4

20 mm đ 4 insulating board and the panel should be min. 20 mm. Lack of distance between the panel and the bearing structure and thermal insulation can cause condensation and deformation of the panels.

Installation of the lining from the Kronoart® panels should be carried out assuring constant ventilation of the elevation material from both sides.

No panels should be fixed one on top of another to two differing substructure profiles - this is likely to compromise the expansion joint's effectiveness.



#### Solutions for corners

Selecting the best method of corner forming is dependent on the thickness of the panel used. We recommend a thickness of 8 mm or more, because this allows enough material depth to enable correct screw setting, or the machining of the groove for the tongue (the tongue should be 3 mm thick). The number of fixings and the distance between them will depend on the spacing of the substructure.



#### **Fixing and connector elements**

During installation and joining of elevation panels all elements should always be fixed observing one direction of fibres.



The head of the fixing element should be of such size that the hole in the panel is always covered. The fixing element of the non-fixed point should be positioned so as to enable movement of the panel.



Rivets should be put using the articulated fixtures. The set distance from rivet head should make possible movement of elements in the drilled hole (clearance: +0.3 mm).



It is a good practice guaranteeing flexible fixing to make precise preliminary drilling with exactness to one millimeter.



For rivets the recommended hole diameter in the facade panel for the fixed point is Ø 5.1 mm, and for the non-fixed point is Ø 8.5 mm. The diameter of the hole in the structure is Ø 5.1 mm.

The center of the hole in the supporting structure should line up with the center of the hole in the panel. The holes should be drilled using the centering sleeve.



centering sleeve

For torx screws the recommended diameters for: non-fixed points are Ø 8.0 mm, fixed points - Ø 5.7 mm.

Do not use the sunk head screws!





Only aluminium or from galvanized steel profiles should be used because of the resistance to corrosion and durability. In the case of other material of the substructure, care must be taken to protect it appropriately against weather conditions.



In order to obtain better cooperation in places of connections one can use rubber profiles from flexible EPDM.



#### Installation through visible fittings

#### General information

The Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels behave like wood in changing weather conditions - they expand when absorbing moisture and contract in dry air discharging moisture. Taking into consideration these properties, during installation the appropriate compensation clearance should be applied (the expansion gaps between panels 8-10 mm), assuring a possibility of uniform expansion of panels. To this end one fixed point should be made. The other fixing points can be made as non-fixed points.



Fig. Visible fixing on metal substructure



Fig. Visible fixing on wooden substructure



Fig. Visible fixing on timber frame buildings

#### Fixed point / Non-fixed point

Making a fixed point always guarantees even facing of panels both lengthwise and crosswise. For rivets the recommended diameter of a hole in the facade panel for the fixed point is Ø 5.1 mm, and for the non-fixed point is Ø 8.5 mm. The hole diameter in the construction: Ø 5.1 mm. For Torx screws the recommended diameters of holes for non-fixed points is Ø 8.0 mm, and for fixed points Ø 5.7 mm.

#### **Distribution of installation holes**

Below are given the suggested distances of fixings for the one-span installation of elevation panels.

Thickness [mm] max. D1 [mm] max. D2 [mm] a [mm] b [mm]

One-span fixing					
	6	400	400	20 - 40	20
	8	550	500	20 - 40	20
	10	700	600	20 - 40	20

Tab. Distribution of joints - one span fixing

In the case of multi-span fixing of panel, it is recommended to distribute the installation holes as given in the table below.

> Thickness [mm] max. D1 [mm] max. D2 [mm] a [mm] b [mm]

Multi-span fixing					
	6	550	400	20 - 60	20 - 50
	8	700	500	20 - 80	20 - 60
	10	800	600	20 -100	20 - 80

Tab. Distribution of joints - multi-span fixing

Generally, it can be assumed that the distance of joints from the panel edge should be maximum 10-fold of panel thickness and minimum 20 mm. For panels placed near the building corners the distance between the joints should be less than in the center part (taking into account the suction forces of wind).

#### Bending

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels can be formed into a curve without any special preparation - the physical and chemical properties of its laminate structure make this possible. The minimum bend radius achievable is: R = 2 m.

#### Sizes of installation panels

It is recommended not to exceed the elevation format surface over 4 m<sup>2</sup>, whereas the maximum acceptable side length should not exceed 3050 mm.



Fixed point



Fig. Bending of panels

b

D2

b

а

Kronoart® > Facade Installation > Installation through visible fittings > Fixing elements

#### **Fixing elements**

#### **Coated rivets**

Large head powder-coat rivets should be used on systems with visible fixings, attached to aluminum framework according to certificated parameters.

Element	Type of material	No of material
Sleeve	Al Mg 5	3.3555.10
Stem	stainless steel	1.4541 (Alfo®); 1.4301 (SFS)

Tab. Parameters of blind rivets

Diameter Ø d / Length L [mm]	5/18	5/21
Max. thickness of material [mm]	12	15
Diameter Ø d1 [mm]	2.7	2.7
Diameter Ø D [mm]	14	14
Catalogue no. (Alfo®)	12250180/14	12250210/14
Catalogue no. (SFS)	AP14-50180-S	AP14-50210-S
Quantity	500 / carton	500 / carton



Fig. Blind rivet, closed from one side, painted



Tab. Technical data of the recommended connectors

Breaking force of the rivets is 4.4 - 5.2 kN.

In the majority of cases the specifications listed above can be followed for adequate fixing. Riveting tools and accessories are available, including manual and machine riveting options, distancing tips, centering tools for drilling, and a positioning tip for centering the preliminary hole.

#### Torx 20 screws

These are intended for use with timber supporting frames. They're made from corrosion resistant austenitic stainless steel, finished in powder coated colors. They can be used without washers, with single or double threads.

No of material	1.4301
Diameter Ø d2 [mm]	12
Diameter Ø d1 [mm]	5.2
Length L [mm]	24
Screw driver tip	TORX T20W
Pitch of the screw P [mm]	2.2



Tab. Technical data of fitting screws Torx

Fig. Fixing screw Torx - construction and dimensions

- d1 thread diameter
- d2 head diameter
- L length
- P pitch of the screw

#### Self-drilling stainless fasteners

SX-L12 (SFS) fasteners achieve a neat, almost invisible finish, with the flat screw heads being powder coated in colors to match the panels. They may be utilized with steel or aluminum support structures.

Element	Type of material	No of material
Connector SX	austenitic stainless steel	grade acc. to AISI 304 (1.4301 wg. PN-EN)
Washer S	austenitic stainless steel	grade acc. to AISI 304 (1.4301 wg. PN-EN)

Tab. Self-drilling connectors - materials used.

Heads of connectors, depending on version:

- L12 irius<sup>®</sup> Ø 12 mm,
- D12 flat head Ø 12 mm with a seat T25.
- D10 flat head Ø 10 mm with a seat T20.









irius® Ø 12 mm

flat head Ø 12 mm, with a seat T25

В

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flat head Ø 10 mm, with a seat T20

Product	Туре	VD	KL	HD	W	d	L	Application
Δ	SX	3/	15/	112	S16	5.5x	32	VD max. steel: 3.0 mm
~	0A	5/	10/		010	0.07	52	t max. steel: 2.5 mm
В	SX	3/	15/	D12		5.5x	30	VD max. steel: 3.0 mm
D	07	5/	13/	DIZ		J.JA	50	t max. steel: 2.5 mm
								VD max. steel: 3.0 mm
С	SX	3/	15/	D10/		5.5x	25	t max. steel: 2.5 mm
C	37	3/	15/	DIO		0.0X	20	t min. steel: 2.0 mm
								t min. aluminium: 2.0 mm

Tab. Symbols and parameters of connectors (SFS). All dimensions in mm.



KL thickness of joined elements

- d thread diameter
- L total length
- VD maximum drilling capability
- HD type of head/ seat
- W material and diameter of washer
- t thickness of substrate

#### Visible fixing on metal substructure

horizontal cross-section

8

1

8 4 5

2

11

7

8 mm

D

P

A

G

8 mm



#### vertical cross-section





#### Fig. Draft D-D

Connector with window element (external)

Upper part of the wall with closing frame



Fig. Draft E-E External window sill



Fig. Draft B-B Beam connector



- 1. Supporting wall
- 2. Fixing anchor
- **3.** Fixing angle  $L120 \times 60 \times 3$ , length 60 mm
- 4. 100 mm mineral wool
- 5. Windproofing
- **6.** T90 x 70 x 4 fixing tees
- 7. Rivet fastening in the color of the panel
- 8. Kronoart® panel
- 9. Weather silicone
- 10. Perforated angle
- 11.40 x 40 angle
- 12. Insulation washer 80/50

#### Visible fixing on wooden substructure

horizontal cross-section

8

1

8 4 5

2

13

7

8 mm

D

D

A

8 mm



vertical cross-section

1

4

5

2

12

3

2

6



#### Fig. Draft D-D

Connector with window element (external)



20 mm

100 mm

0

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đ

7

8

13



Fig. Draft E-E External window sill



Fig. Draft B-B Beam connector



- 1. Supporting wall
- 2. Fixing anchor
- **3.** Fixing angle  $L120 \times 60 \times 3$ , length 60 mm
- 4. 100 mm mineral wool
- 5. Windproofing
- 6. Vertical timber batten
- 7. Rivet fastening in the color of the panel
- 8. Kronoart® panel
- 9. Weather silicone
- 10. Perforated angle
- **11.** 40 x 40 angle
- 12. Insulation washer 80/50
- 13. EPDM tape

#### Visible fixing on timber frame buildings

horizontal cross-section



Fig. Draft A-A I-Beam connector



Fig. Draft C-C Connector with window elements (internal)



Fig. Draft H-H Connector at the inner corner



Connector at the outer corner



#### vertical cross-section

2

3

1



#### Fig. Draft D-D

Connector with window element (external)



Fig. Draft E-E External window sill

Fig. Draft F-F Upper part of the wall with closing frame

6

5

4



Fig. Draft B-B Beam connector



- 1. Load bearing wall
- 2. Windproofing
- 3. Vertical timber batten
- 4. EPDM tape
- 5. Kronoart® panel
- 6. Rivet fastening in the color of the panel

Fig. Draft J-J Bottom part of the wall

#### Installation via concealed fittings

#### **General information**

Hidden mechanical fixing offers the advantage of delivering stronger, more uniformly distributed fixing forces. They achieve durable mounting, and optimize bonding with the substrate without expansion stresses.

#### Thickness of panels

The ideal thickness is 10 mm, although as a minimum, 8 mm panels may be used. This is due to the perforation and method of fixing.

#### **Recommendations for installation**

The length of lateral edge for every format should not exceed 3050 mm.

#### Spacing of fixing holes

Follow the guidelines below to select the correct spacing for fixing holes. The centers recommended relate to one-span installation of panels.

Thickness [mm] max. B, D [mm] max. d [mm] max. b [mm]
-------------------------------------------------------

125

150

One-span fixing			
	10	740	

Tab. Distribution of holes - one-span installation

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In the case of multi-span fixing of panel, it is recommended to distribute the installation holes as given in the table below.

Thickness [mm] max. B, D [mm] max. d [mm] max. b [mm]

Multi-span fixing				
	8	740	20 - 80	20 - 60
	10	800	20 - 100	20 - 80

Tab. Distribution of holes - multi-span installation







Fixed point

Non-fixed point

#### **Concealed fittings techniques**

There are two options available:

- Vertical bearing elements fitted to the substrate which give a flat uniform installation surface.
- Horizontal elements fixed to the load bearing verticals. Special hanging connectors (hangers, safety pins and clips) are utilized.

Fasteners such as screws, studs and clinch bolts are selected depending on the type and thickness of the panels, and the expected environmental conditions of the location.

Correctly installed according to guidelines, the construction should guarantee stress-free installation and weather resistance.

#### **Fitting connectors**

#### **Connector KEIL**

Basic connector consists of a sleeve and a locking screw.



#### **Connector SFS**

The sleeve is made from austenitic stainless steel (AISI 316, grade 1.4401 acc. to PN-EN), whereas the stem is from carbon steel (stem is completely removed during setting).

Туре	Material S = steel	Ø	L	Panel thickness	Thickness of joined elements
TUF-	S-	6.0x	9	8	2.5 - 3.5
				10 - 13	0.5 - 3.5
TUF-	S-	6.0x	11	8	4.5 - 5.5
				10	2.5 - 5.5
				13	0.5 - 5.5
TUF-	S-	6.0x	13	10	4.5 - 7.5
				13	2.5 - 7.5

- D<sub>1</sub> Hole diameter ( $\geq$  7 mm)
- $D_2$  Undercut diameter ( $\geq 9 \text{ mm}$ )
- H Panel thickness ( $\geq 8 \text{ mm}$ )
- H<sub>s</sub> Anchorage depth
- X<sub>A</sub> Bolt height (3 mm)
- Xz Aluminium profile thickness in the structure





Fig. Clinch bolt TU-S6.0x9 - Construction and dimensions (mm).

Fig. Dimensions and designations of connectors (all dimensions in mm)

#### Invisible fixing on metal substructure

horizontal cross-section







Fig. Draft C-C Connector with window elements (internal)



Fig. Draft H-H Connector at the inner corner





#### vertical cross-section



#### Fig. Draft D-D

Connector with window element (external)



Fig. Draft E-E External window sill

- 1. Supporting wall
- 2. Fixing anchor
- 3. Double aluminium console
- 4. 100 mm mineral wool
- 5. Windproofing
- 6. Facade profile L 60x45
- 7. Rivet fastening in the color of the panel
- 8. Kronoart® panel
- 9. EPDM tape
- 10. Weather silicone
- 11. Facade profile of the invisible assembly system
- 12. Regulation clip for invisible INV-system round hole assembly
- 13. Screws 4.8 x 19 A2
- 14. Insulation washer 80/50
- 15. Rubber for INV-system profile



#### **Fig. Draft F-F** Upper part of the wall with closing frame



Fig. Draft B-B Beam connector



Fig. Draft J-J Bottom part of the wall
# Installation through adhesive

# General information

Adheseal Project is a moisture-curing, highly flexible adhesive based on MSP (modified silane polymer). Adheseal Project contains no solvents, plasticisers or isocyanates.

#### **Product advantages**

- Reliable invisible fixing method
- Easy and fast installation
- Optimal stress distribution

## Application

Bonding of panels for:

- Facade cladding
- Fascias and soffits
- Ceilings, canopies, awnings
- Wall covering panels in a.o. porches
- Kitchens or shower walls

#### Features of the Project Bonding System

- Durable and highly flexible with optimal stress distribution
- Suitable for bonding larger panels
- Excellent mechanical strength
- Good moisture and weather resistance
- Quick and easy installation
- Interior and exterior applications

The Innotec Project Bonding System consists of:

Adheseal Project:	highly elastic adhesive
Multisol Project:	for cleaning facade panels and load-bearing metal structures
Imprisol Primer:	for pre-treating the backside of facade panels or load-bearing wooden structures to be bonded
Fixation Tape 12 x 3 mm	for the temporary fixing of the boards and at the same time ensuring the distance to the substructure in order to obtain a sufficiently thick adhesive bead
Multi Wipes	cleaning cloths

#### **Reaction to fire**

The facade system with the Innotec Project System adhesive system with facade panel Kronoart<sup>®</sup> EDF on an aluminium substructure using thermal insulation mineral wool according to DIN EN13162 (A2-s1) and a rear ventilation gap of at least 20 mm was classified as B-s2,d0.

#### Maximum panel size

Adheseal Project is highly elastic, therefore possible deformations of the Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels can be absorbed in the adhesive layer. The maximum possible displacement of Kronoart<sup>®</sup> boards of 2.5 mm/m must be taken into account during installation. The elastic deformation that Adheseal Project System can actually correct must not exceed a 4.3 mm. This means that the maximum length of the diagonal of the panel cannot be greater than 3440 mm. The panels must be evenly flat for bonding. Particular care should be taken with large panels, as these are more demanding than small ones in this respect. This results in appropriate additional care when handling and storing the panels.



Fig. Invisible fixing on metal substructure



Fig. Invisible fixing on wooden substructure



Fig. Invisible fixing on timber frame buildings

# Substructure

#### Material selection

The supporting profiles of the substructure must be made of aluminium alloy EN AW 6060 or EN AW 6063 according to DIN EN 755-2 or of aluminium alloy EN AW 5005 H24 according to DIN EN 485-2. The supporting profiles must have a minimum thickness of 1.5 mm. The support slats can be made of wood, at least class C18 according to 14081-1, durability class 4 according to EN350-2. The supporting profiles or supporting battens must be parallel and even in order to ensure even, constraint-free adhesion to all profiles and over the entire length of the profile.

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#### Ventilation

The support battens or profiles must only be mounted vertically. Behind the panels there has to be an open ventilated cavity of minimal 20 mm. Furthermore ventilation openings/slots of art least 50 cm<sup>2</sup>/m at both the top and the bottom of the bonded panels. For horizontal applications preferably apply the battens perpendicular to the facade in order to ventilate over the short end.

#### Minimal joint width

A joint between the panels with a width of min. 8 mm is recommended. The joints may be covered or backed with a suitable profile.

#### **Dimensions and distances**

The minimal widths of supports in the support construction depend on the function of the supports:

- support for joints aluminium 100 mm
- end and intermediate support aluminium 40 mm
- support for the joints wood 100 mm
- end and intermediate supports wood 50 mm

The distances between the support strips or profiles, as specified by the panel manufacturer.

Panel thickness (mm)	6	8	10
2 fixings in one direction	440	590	640
3 fixings in one direction	540	640	640

For horizontal applications (ceilings) these distances must be multiplied by 3/4.

#### Consumption per 100 m<sup>2</sup> surface panel

Fixation Tape 12 rolls of 25 m Adheseal Project adhesive tubular bag 600ml Innotec Imprisol (for panels) 3 cans of 1000 ml Innotec Imprisol (for wooden substructure) 3 cans of 1000 ml each

#### **Application conditions**

The cladding panels can be bonded indoors (e.g. in the workshop) or on the construction site. The following conditions apply:

- Do not pre-treat or glue in rainy conditions
- Do not pre-treat or glue in very high humidity conditions, e.g. in dense fog
- Avoid condensation on both the panels and the substructure: The temperature of the components to be bonded (panels and substructure profiles) must be 3°C higher than the dew point temperature
- Apply between +5 °C and +35 °C.

Prevent warping of the panels due to the influence of moisture.



# Installation instructions

#### Preparation of the substructure

#### The wooden substructure:

The wooden substructure must be primed with Innotec Imprisol Primer before or after installation. The primer can be applied both indoors and outdoors. One coat of primer (without gaps or overlaps) is sufficient. Leftover primer should not be reused. Avoid contamination of the substructure with dust and grease after application of the primer.

#### The aluminium substructure:

The surface to be glued should be clean, dry and grease-free. Light sanding with an abrasive fleece pad (we recommend 3M Scotch Brite). Clean with an Innotec Multi Wipe soaked in Innotec Multisol Project (wipe in one direction). Then rub dry with a clean and dry Innotec Multi Wipe and allow to evaporate for at least 10 minutes.

#### Preparation of the facade panel

Before any operation, ensure that protective foil film was removed from treated surface. The back of the panels should be sanded at the level of the glue with P120 grit and then cleaned with an Innotec Multi Wipe soaked in Innotec Multisol Project (wipe in one direction). Then rub dry with a clean and dry Innotec Multi Wipe and allow to evaporate for at least 10 minutes. The back of the panels should be treated with Innotec Imprisol Primer at the level of the glue, and then allowed to flash off for at least 10 minutes.

#### Using the mounting tape

After the primers or cleaners have dried (10 minutes), the Innotec Fixation Tape is stuck vertically onto the substructure without interruption. Press the Fixation Tape firmly onto the supporting structure and cut it with a sharp knife. When deciding on the correct position and length of the tape, the dimensions of the supports, the dimensions of the panels and the space required for the adhesive must also be taken into account.

#### Application of adhesive with special nozzle

Apply Innotec Adheseal Project adhesive only vertically and without interruption after applying the mounting tape. Use a manual, pneumatic or battery-powered press. Always use the supplied special V-shaped nozzle. This allows the application of a triangular self-adhesive bead with a width and height and width of 8 mm each. Using this special nozzle prevents the formation of unnecessary air bubbles and avoids unnecessary loss of adhesive.









#### Installing panels

Before installing the panels, the protective film should be removed from the Innotec Fixation Tape. Install the facade panel within 10 minutes after applying the adhesive. Fix the panel by gently pressing it onto the adhesive bead and, if necessary, adjust its position. Adjustment is possible as long as the panel has not been firmly pressed against the Fixation Tape. As an aid, you can use spacers, support blocks or horizontal support rails to align the panel precisely and easily. For easier handling, a suction clamp, which is used when installing glass, can be useful. Once the panel is in the correct position, it should be pushed down to the fixation tape with a gentle wiping motion over the entire length of the panel. See detailed drawings.





#### Cleaning

Avoid getting primer or adhesive on the front of the panel. Uncured adhesive residue can be removed with Innotec Multisol Project within 2-3 minutes (depends from temperature and humidity). Use a clean Innotec Multi Wipe for this. Test the cleaner first on a small, inconspicuous area to make sure that the cleaning agent will not damage or dirty the panel surface.

#### Removing the protective foil from the front

Immediately after installation, if the protective foil is still present, it should be removed from the front face of the panel.





Fig. Panel application procedure

# Invisible fixing on metal substructure

C 8

8 mm

10





4

1

<u>13</u> 2 3

12

8

7

Connector at the outer corner



vertical cross-section

7

12

8

1

4

5

2

13

3

6



#### Fig. Draft D-D

Connector with window element (external)



20 mm

100 mm

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Fig. Draft E-E External window sill



Fig. Draft B-B Beam connector



- 1. Supporting wall
- 2. Fixing anchor
- **3.** Fixing angle  $L120 \times 60 \times 3$ , length 60 mm
- 4. 100 mm mineral wool
- 5. Windproofing
- **6.** T90 x 70 x 4 fixing tees
- 7. Foam tape
- 8. Kronoart® panels
- 9. Weather silicone
- 10. Perforated angle
- **11.** 40 x 40 x 3 angle
- 12. Adhesive
- 13. Insulation washer 80/50

Fig. Draft J-J Bottom part of the wall

# Invisible fixing on wooden substructure



#### vertical cross-section

1

4

5

2

13

3 2

6



#### Fig. Draft D-D

Connector with window element (external)



. 100 mm

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O

7

12

8



Fig. Draft E-E External window sill



Fig. Draft B-B Beam connector



- 1. Supporting wall
- 2. Fixing anchor
- 3. Fixing angle L120 x 60 x 3, length 60 mm
- 4. 100 mm mineral wool
- 5. Windproofing
- 6. Vertical timber batten
- 7. Foam tape
- 8. Kronoart® panels
- 9. Weather silicone
- 10. Perforated angle
- **11.** 40 x 40 x 3 angle
- 12. Adhesive
- 13. Insulation washer 80/50

# Invisible fixing on timber frame buildings







Fig. Draft C-C Connector with window elements (internal)



Fig. Draft H-H Connector at the inner corner



Connector at the outer corner



#### vertical cross-section



#### Fig. Draft D-D

Connector with window element (external)



Fig. Draft E-E External window sill



Fig. Draft F-F Upper part of the wall with closing frame



Fig. Draft B-B Beam connector



- 1. Load bearing wall
- 2. Windproofing
- 3. Vertical timber batten
- 4. Kronoart® panels
- 5. Foam tape
- 6. Adhesive

Fig. Draft J-J Bottom part of the wall

# Balcony Installation

8



Kronoart<sup>®</sup> > Balcony Installation > General information

# **General information**

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> is highly suited to forming balustrades, from both the aesthetic and safety perspectives. It's an excellent alternative to concrete or glass in these applications, as both those materials have low impact strength, less durability and limited color options compared to Kronoart<sup>®</sup>.

 ${\rm Kronoart}^{\scriptscriptstyle (\! B\!)}$  panels are also easily maintained and keep their good looks over the long term.

There are many fixing options available, which adds greater flexibility in your specification process:

- Fitting to posts using fasteners of clamps
- Fitting to posts in modules
- Fitting to posts continuous
- Fitting to posts using profiles

Installation is generally performed using bolts, screws, self-drilling connectors or blind rivets affixed to aluminum or steel profiles.

# Fixed point / Non-fixed point

To ensure uniform arrangement of panels, one fixed point should be made in the center of the panel. Other attachment points should be made as non-fixed-points. This mode of installation guarantees an even panel face in both lengthwise and crosswise planes.

The diameter of the fixed-point hole should be the same as the fastener used. The diameters of holes for non-fixed points should be 1.5 times larger than the diameter of the respective fasteners.

The fixed point for one-span fixing should be in the centre of the panel edge.

	Thickness [mm]	max. D [mm]	max. B [mm	a [mm]	b [mm]
One-span fixing					
	6	400	400	20 - 40	20
	8	550	500	20 - 40	20
	10	700	600	20 - 40	20

Tab. Distribution of joints - one span fixing

The fixed point for multi-span fixing should be made in the center of the panel.

	Thickness [mm]	max. D [mm]	max. B [mm]	a [mm]	b [mm]
Multi-span fixing					
	6	550	400	20 - 60	20 - 50
	8	700	500	20 - 80	20 - 60
	10	800	600	20 - 100	20 - 80

Tab. Distribution of joints - milti span fixing

# Bending

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels can be formed into a curve without any special preparation – the physical and chemical properties of its laminate structure make this possible. The minimum bend radius achievable is: R = 2 m.

# Compensating for dimensional variance

Kronoart<sup>®</sup>'s base material means some dimensional variance is expected according to changes in humidity and temperature – it behaves in much the same way as wood. It's therefore necessary to incorporate suitable expansion gaps between panels.

- Minimum 8 mm, 2.5 mm per every meter of the panel both lengthwise and crosswise
- 5 mm around the panel for installation in profiles.

If joining profiles are used, allow for the thickness of their body.

# Balustrades

A balustrade system incorporating Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels should have strength and be sufficiently durable. The height of balcony balustrades should conform to local building regulations. Its height should be not less than 100 cm, and for buildings over 12 m, it should be at least 110 cm high.







Fig. Bending of balcony panels

# **Balcony corners**

With many corner form options, Kronoart® can fulfil different aesthetic and technical demands.



# Fixing of supporting posts

Suitable balustrade supports must be firmly fixed to the floor of the balcony. These are usually tubes or profiles of a rectangular cross section. The fasteners utilized to secure the posts must ensure the safety of the construction and its stability.

#### Banisters can be mounted three ways





# Installation of balcony panelling

# Visible fixing to posts using fasteners of clamps

- A Balustrade height
- **B** Fixing distance
- C Panel height
- **D** Upper limit distance
- E Lower limit distance
- F Distance between connectors
- G Panel projections
- H Limit distance
- I Free projections
- J Fixing points



Panel thickness [mm]	A [cm]	B max. [mm]	C min./max. [mm]	D min./max. [mm]	E [mm]	F max. [mm]	G min./max. [mm]	H min./max. [mm]	l min./max. [mm]	J
	90		700 - 780						50 - 90	3
6	110	600	900	40 - 120	40	300	20 - 40	20 - 40	20 - 150	3
	110		905 - 980						20 - 40	4
	90		700 - 780						50 - 90	3
8	110	700	900	40 - 120	40	300	20 - 40	20 - 40	20 - 150	3
	110		905 - 980						20 - 40	4
	90		700 - 780						50 - 90	3
10	110	800	900	40 - 120	40	300	20 - 40	20 - 40	20 - 150	3
	110		905 - 980						20 - 40	4

Tab. Spacing of connectors - recommendation

# Visible fixing to posts - in modules

A Balustrade height

- **B** Fixing distance
- C Panel height
- D Upper limit distance
- **E** Lower limit distance
- F Distance between connectors
- G Panel projections
- H Panel projections
- I Fixing points



Panel thickness [mm]	A [cm]	B max. [mm]	C min./max. [mm]	D min./max. [mm]	E [mm]	F max. [mm]	G min./max. [mm]	H min./max. [mm]	I
	90		700 - 780					50 - 90	3
6	110	600	900	40 - 120	40	300	20 - 40	20 - 150	3
	110		905 - 980					20 - 40	4
	90		700 - 780					50 - 90	3
8	110	700	900	40 - 120	40	300	20 - 40	20 - 150	3
	110		905 - 980					20 - 40	4
	90		700 - 780					50 - 90	3
10	110	800	900	40 - 120	40	300	20 - 40	20 - 150	3
	110		905 - 980					20 - 40	4

Tab. Spacing of connectors - recommendation

## Visible fixing to posts - continuous

- A Balustrade height
- **B** Distance between posts
- C Panel height
- **D** Upper limit distance
- E Lower limit distance
- **F** Distance between connectors
- **G** Panel projections
- H Limit distance
- I Fixing points



Panel thickness [mm]	A [cm]	B max. [mm]	C min./max. [mm]	D min./max. [mm]	E [mm]	F max. [mm]	G min./max. [mm]	H min./max. [mm]	I
6	90 110	600	700 - 780 900	40 - 120	40	300	20 - 40	20 - 40	3
0	110	000	905 - 980	40 - 120	40	000	20 - 40	20 - 40	4
	90		700 - 780						3
8	110	700	900	40 - 120	40	300	20 - 40	20 - 40	3
	110		905 - 980						4
	90		700 - 780						3
10	110	800	900	40 - 120	40	300	20 - 40	20 - 40	3
	110		905 - 980						4

Tab. Spacing of connectors - recommendation

# Visible fixing to posts using profiles

- **B** Distance between posts
- C Panel height
- **D** Upper limit distance
- E Lower limit distance
- **F** Support of balustrade posts
- **G** Depth of insertion into profile
- H Distance between panels





Panel thickness [mm]	Height of balustrade elements max. [cm]	B max. [mm]	C min./max. [mm]	D min./max. [mm]	E [mm]	F max. [mm]	G min. [mm]	H min./max. [mm]
6	131,5	1000	1045	120	40	300	20	6
8	156,5	1200	1100	120	40	300	20	8

Tab. Spacing of connectors - recommendation

# Visible fixing to locks - continuous

Ε Α Balustrade height Distance between posts В **C** Panel height D Upper limit distance E Lower limit distance А F F Distance between locks **G** Panel projections H Panel projections Distance between panels L G В

Panel thickness [mm]	A [cm]	B max. [mm]	C min./max. [mm]	D min./max. [mm]	E [mm]	F max. [mm]	G max. [mm]	H max. [mm]	l [mm]
6	110	1160	1050	40 - 120	300	820	150	80	6
8	110	1200	1180	40 - 120	300	950	150	80	8
10	110	1500	1280	40 - 120	300	1050	150	80	8

Tab. Spacing of connectors - recommendation

## Visible fixing to locks - in modules

- A Balustrade height
- B Distance between posts
- C Panel height
- D Upper limit distance
- E Lower limit distance
- F Distance between connectors
- **G** Distance between locks
- H Distance between locks
- I Panel projections
- J Panel projections
- K Distance between panels



Panel thickness [mm]	A [cm]	B max. [mm]	C min./max. [mm]	D min./max. [mm]	E [mm]	F max. [mm]	G max. [mm]	H max. [mm]	l [mm]	J [mm]	K [mm]
6	90 110 110	600	700 - 780 900 905 - 980	40 - 120	40	300	600	430 470	20 - 40	50 - 90 20 - 150 20 - 40	3 3 4
8	90 110 110	700	700 - 780 900 905 - 980	40 - 120	40	300	700	430 470	20 - 40	50 - 90 20 - 150 20 - 40	3 3 4
10	90 110 110	800	700 - 780 900 905 - 980	40 - 120	40	300	700	430 470	20 - 40	50 - 90 20 - 150 20 - 40	3 3 4

Tab. Spacing of connectors - recommendation

С

# **Balcony partitions**

Fitting partitions within balcony spaces can solve a number of design issues – providing privacy, weather protection, sun shading, for example. Partitions can also form part of features such as pergolas, storage spaces and shelters, and also define access routes. features such as pergolas, storage spaces and shelters, and also define access routes. Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels are ideally suited to partitioning roles. The method of connecting the partition to the wall and the balustrade will vary according to the panel size, and what its function will be.

## Method of partition installation

The following methods are recommended:

- Framing with a profile from all sides
- Framing to lacing from galvanized steel
- Fitting to profiles using rivets and screws

The Kronoart® panels may be fitted to profiles by rivets or balcony bolts.

#### Framing profiles from all sides

The dimensions of profiles should match the thickness of panels, taking into consideration the dimension tolerances and possible sealing with EPDM. It is important to enable free panel movement by maintaining a distance from the side and upper profiles - minimum 5 mm. Suitable water drainage should be enabled, by matching the slotted holes or by drilling holes in the lower profile.

Below are recommendations for spacing of connectors where:

 $L_{max}$  is the largest admissible spacing of fitting elements for given height to width ratio (H/L) of the partition under design and for the selected panel thickness.

C<sub>2</sub> is the distance between the profile edge and the floor; it should be 20-fold of laminate thickness (maximum value).





		Panel thickness [mm]					
	H/L	6	8	10	13		
	0.98	765	1029	1284	1666		
	1.18	725	960	1196	1558		
Francia a factor A sides	1.38	686	902	1127	1470		
Framing from 4 sides	1.58	647	853	1068	1392		
	1.78	608	813	1019	1323		
	1.98	578	774	970	1264		
Framing from 2-3 sides	> 2.48	559	745	931	1206		
			Max. spaciı	na L <sub>max</sub> (mn	nl		



Tab. Spacing of bearing profiles, maximum distances

#### Fitting to steel lacings

Below are given the recommended spacing for connectors where:  $D_1$  is maximum distance between the fitting elements for one-span fitting, and  $Z_1$  is the largest admissible spacing of fitting elements for multi-span fitting for the selected panel thickness:

- C<sub>1</sub> distance between the holder and the laminate edge, 20 150 mm,
- C<sub>2</sub> distance between the lower edge and the floor, min. 149 mm,
- C<sub>3</sub> distance between the edge of upper profile and the holder, 20 150 mm.







Panel thickness [mm]	6	8	13
D <sub>1</sub> [mm]	588	735	931
Z <sub>1</sub> [mm]	735	882	1176

Tab. Spacing of bearing profiles, maximum distances

#### Fitting to profiles with rivets or balcony bolts

Below are given the recommended spacing of connectors where  $L_{max}$  is maximum distance between the fitting elements depending on the panel thickness and number of fitting spans.

- C1 149 mm (minimum value),
- C<sub>2</sub> dimension = 20-fold of laminate thickness (maximum value).

Panel thickness [mm]	6	8	10	13	
L <sub>max</sub> (single span) [mm]	539	539	931	1176	
L <sub>max</sub> (multi span) [mm]	686	882	1127	1470	

Tab. Spacing of bearing profiles, maximum distances

# **Fastenings for balconies**

#### **Coated rivets**

Large head, powder coated rivets can be used as visible fixings on balconies, secured to aluminum supporting elements in line with relevant regulations.

Element	Type of material	No of material		
Sleeve	Al Mg 5	3.3555.10		
Stem	stainless steel	1.4541 (Alfo®); 1.4301 (SFS)		

Tab. Parameters of blind rivets

Diameter Ø d / length L [mm]	5/18	5/21	
Max. thickness of material [mm]	12	15	
Diameter Ø d1 [mm]	2.7	2.7	
Diameter Ø D [mm]	14	14	
Catalogue no. (Alfo®)	12250180/14	12250210/14	
Catalogue no. (SFS)	AP14-50180-S	AP14-50210-S	
Quantity	500 / carton	500 / carton	



Fig. Blind rivet, closed from one side, painted



Tab. Technical data of the recommended connectors

Breaking force of the rivets is 4.4 – 5.2 kN.

In the majority of cases the specifications listed above can be followed for adequate fixing. Riveting tools and accessories are available, including manual and machine riveting options, distancing tips, centering tools for drilling, and a positioning tip for centering the preliminary hole.

#### Torx 20 screws

These are intended for use with timber supporting frames. They're made from corrosion resistant austenitic stainless steel, finished in powder coated colors. They can be used without washers, with single or double threads.

No of material	1.4301
Diameter Ø d2 [mm]	12
Diameter Ø d1 [mm]	5.2
Length L [mm]	24
Screw driver tip	TORX T20W
Pitch of the screw P [mm]	2.2



Tab. Technical data of fitting screws Torx

 $\it Fig.$  Fixing screw Torx - construction and dimensions

- d1 thread diameter
- d2 head diameter
- L length
- P pitch of the screw

#### **Balcony screws**

Our specialized screws enable fitting of Kronoart<sup>®</sup> panels with complete peace of mind. The joints are extremely secure, further enhanced by hermetic adhesive which locks the dome nuts in place. The M5 screw has a stem of length (L) from 20 mm to 55 mm. The head with multi tooth seat is of the Phillips type, size 20, head diameter 16 mm. The screw, special nut and washer are made from stainless steel, blank A2.

They are shipped with self-adhesive polyamide pads, washer type "U", spring ring and special dome nut with a longer thread and a cap of the same color. The fixings are packed in cartons containing 200 sets. Customized lengths are available on request.

Catalogue Nº of the screw	Stud length of the screw L [mm]
120 50 44 20	20
120 50 44 25	25
120 50 44 30	30
120 50 44 35	35
120 50 44 40	40
120 50 44 45	45
120 50 44 50	50
120 50 44 55	55



Fig. Construction and dimesions of balcony screw

Supplier: MBE GmbH (Moderne Befeistigungs-Elemente GmbH)

#### Self-drilling stainless steel fasteners

These SX-L12 (SFS) fasteners are designed to achieve a neat appearance for panels fitted to aluminum or steel bearing elements. Special flat head L12 powder coated fasteners color match the facing and are almost invisible from a short distance away.

Product	Туре	VD	KL	HD	W	d	L	Application		
Δ	SX	SX 3/	15/	112	S16	5.5x	32	VD max. steel: 3.0 mm		
~	57 57	5/			510		52	t max. steel: 2.5 mm		
В	SX	3/	15/	D12	D10		0 F	5 EV	20	VD max. steel: 3.0 mm
D	5% 3/	10/	DIZ			5.5X	.5x 30	t max. steel: 2.5 mm		
	C SX 3/ 15/ D10/ 5.5x		VD max. steel: 3.0 mm							
C		15/		F	E Ev	5.5x 25 t max. steel: 2	5 5 2 25	t max. steel: 2.5 mm		
C		3/	13/ DI0/ 5.5X 25	t min. steel: 2.0 mm						
								t min. aluminium: 2.0 mm		

Tab. Symbols and parameters of connectors (SFS). All dimensions in mm.

Heads of connectors, depending on version:

- L12 irius<sup>®</sup> Ø 12 mm,
- D12 flat head Ø 12 mm with a seat T25,
- D10 flat head Ø 10 mm with a seat T20.







irius® Ø 12 mm







flat head Ø 10 mm, with a seat T20

С



Fig. Self-drilling connector - construction

- KL thickness of joined elements
- d thread diameter
- L total length
- VD maximum drilling capability
- HD type of head/ seat
- W material and diameter of washer
- t thickness of substrate

# **Installation Accessories**

## Balconies

#### Profile U for framing of partition wall panels



 $\it Fig.$  Profile U - cross section. Designation by the manufacturer (WIDO) - 00-100043.

#### Seals

Seal for the panels 6 mm Profile A - 00-100076

Profile U - 00-100043



Fig. Seal for the panels 6 mm, designation by the manufacturer (WIDO) - 30-600038.

Seal for the panels 8 mm Profile A - 00-100076 Profile U - 00-100043



Fig. Seal for the panels 8 mm, designation by the manufacturer (WIDO) - 30-600039.

# Facades

#### Fixation Tape 2100

Fixation Tape 2100 is a unique double-sided adhesive fixation tape with a firm hard core which helps achieve the bond. The product has a specially calculated material thickness of 3.2 mm, which ensures that the most common types of sealant reach their optimal layer thickness and therefore tensile strength.



Item	Property
Base:	PU foam with closed cell structure and acrylate bonding layer on both sides
Density:	496 kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Dimensions:	12 mm x 3,2 mm x 15 m
Hardness:	31 (Shore A)
Tensile strength:	0,4 N/mm²
Elongation at break (%):	125%
Shear strength:	0,28 N/mm <sup>2</sup>
Peel strength:	3,9 N/cm (180°)
Compressibility:	0,21 N/mm <sup>2</sup> (10%)
Permanent deformation:	< 5%
Temperature resistance:	-40°C to +82°C
Water resistance:	Water absorption: 0%
Application conditions:	+5°C to +50°C

Item	Property
Type of surface:	Almost every type of (smooth) building material such as wood, metal, RVS, aluminium, MDF, HDF, HPL, etc.
Surface preparation:	The surface must be clean, dry and free of grease.
Application method:	Apply the tape on the surface and press firmly. Remove the protection film. Apply the sealant according to the instructions, i.e. in a bead that is higher than the tape.
Shelf life:	12 months in original, unopened packaging.
Storage conditions:	Store cool and dry, at a temperature between +5°C and 20°C.

Tab. Technical details of Fixation Tape

Kronoart<sup>®</sup> > Supplier of Fittings

# Supplier of Fittings

#### Innotec / PCS Innotec Int. nv

Schans 4 2480 Dessel Belgie T +32 14 326001 www.innotec.eu / www.panelbonding.com

#### KEIL Befestigungstechnik GmbH

Im Auel 42 51766 Engelskirchen Germany T +49 2263 807-0 www.keil-fixing.de

# In den Schwarzwiesen 2 61440 Oberursel/TS Germany T +49 6171 700 20

SFS Intec GmbH

Bostik Polska

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#### MBE GmbH

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#### Wido-Profil Sp. z o.o.

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